



## CLINICAL GUIDELINE

# Acute Cardiac Chest Pain

A guideline is intended to assist healthcare professionals in the choice of disease-specific treatments.

Clinical judgement should be exercised on the applicability of any guideline, influenced by individual patient characteristics. Clinicians should be mindful of the potential for harmful polypharmacy and increased susceptibility to adverse drug reactions in patients with multiple morbidities or frailty.

If, after discussion with the patient or carer, there are good reasons for not following a guideline, it is good practice to record these and communicate them to others involved in the care of the patient.

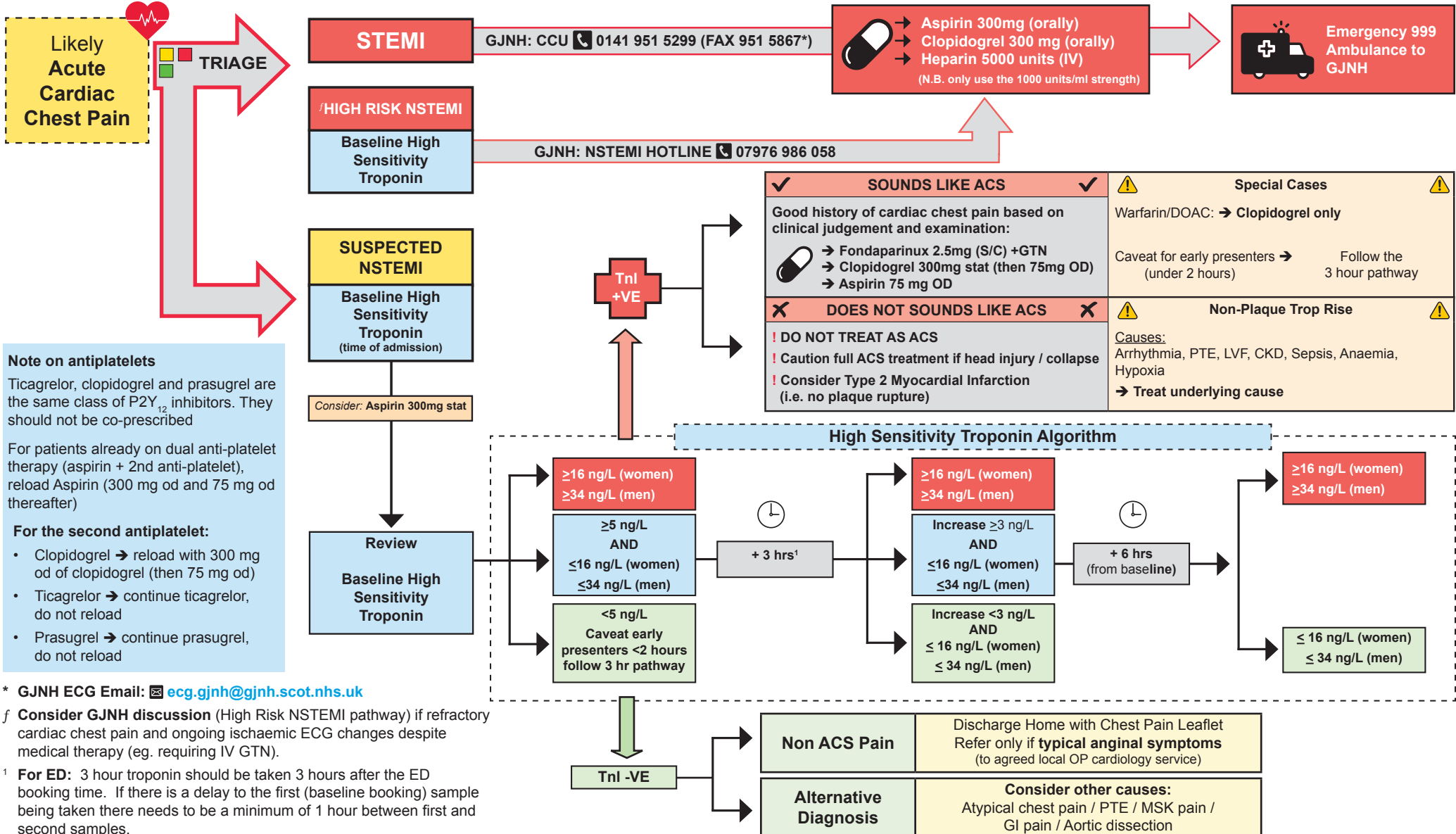
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<b>Approval Group:</b>	Medicines Utilisation Subcommittee of ADTC

### Important Note:

The Intranet version of this document is the only version that is maintained. Any printed copies should therefore be viewed as 'Uncontrolled' and as such, may not necessarily contain the latest updates and amendments.

# Acute Cardiac Chest Pain Guidelines

This guideline covers patients who are suspected to have acute cardiac chest pain. As of 6th November 2023, in patients with **new ACS**, clopidogrel is the first choice (not ticagrelor). Patients **post-PCI** will be commenced on prasugrel and transferred back to NHS GGC.



**Note on antiplatelets**  
Ticagrelor, clopidogrel and prasugrel are the same class of P2Y<sub>12</sub> inhibitors. They should not be co-prescribed

For patients already on dual anti-platelet therapy (aspirin + 2nd anti-platelet), reload Aspirin (300 mg od and 75 mg od thereafter)

**For the second antiplatelet:**

- Clopidogrel → reload with 300 mg od of clopidogrel (then 75 mg od)
- Ticagrelor → continue ticagrelor, do not reload
- Prasugrel → continue prasugrel, do not reload

\* GJNH ECG Email: ✉ [ecg.gjnh@gjnh.scot.nhs.uk](mailto:ecg.gjnh@gjnh.scot.nhs.uk)

f Consider GJNH discussion (High Risk NSTEMI pathway) if refractory cardiac chest pain and ongoing ischaemic ECG changes despite medical therapy (eg. requiring IV GTN).

<sup>1</sup> For ED: 3 hour troponin should be taken 3 hours after the ED booking time. If there is a delay to the first (baseline booking) sample being taken there needs to be a minimum of 1 hour between first and second samples.